PITTSBURG DISTRICT.

MINES WHERE THE MEN MAY NOT STOP WORK-THE RIVER MINERS' ACTION-OPERATORS

TAKING IT CALMLY. Pittsburg, July 4.-The coal miners' strike will be on to-merrow. The success of the struggle for higher wages in five States depends on the miners in the Pittsburg district. If they fail to refrain from working the movement will

Fully one hundred mines were represented at

be a failure.

the miners' convention on Saturday by seventyfive delegates. This is a larger attendance than at any convention since the great strike of 1894. Many more miners came, but, having no credentials, they could not gain admittance to the convention. The resolution adopted was strong enough for the emergency. A resolution was also adopted requesting Governor Hastings to sign the Weighing and Coal Commission bills passed by the Legislature and now before him. One of the significant points about the convention Saturday was the fact that no representatives were present from the mines where the fronclad contracts and signed agreements exist. These mines include the first pool of F. L. Robbins & Co.; Borland mine of the Panhandle Coal Company; Snowden and Gastonville mines of the Pittsburg and Chicago Coal Company, and the Oak Hill, Plum Creek and Sandy mines of the New-York and Cleveland Gas Coal Company. These employ almost three thousand men, and the indications are that if the men at one of these mines refuse to quit, all the diggers at the others will act accordingly. A strong effort is being made to get the co-operation of the river miners in the coming fight. If they work they can cut quite a figure in supplying coal, as the fuel for local points can all be supplied by water

The operators are making no effort to conciliate the miners. Not an operator can be found who will not say that the miners are entitled to what they demand-69 cents a ton. No effort will be made to operate the mines, unless it should be the river mines, hence no trouble is

anticipated. Great apprehension is felt as to what course the vast number of foreigners will take in the strike. They do not conform to the customs of the American-speaking miner, and the latter has little influence over them.

One of the points made by the operators is that more mining companies have gone into the hands of the sheriff this year than during any year in the history of the trade. "There are too many mines," said Patrick Dolan, "not too many

miners. It is the surplus of operators that causes such sufferings and low wages."

The officials of the United Mine Workers of the Pittsburg district held a meeting to-day and heard reports from various parts of the district. Each of these indicated that the men would only work

he question of securing sustenance for the The question of securing sustenance for the vast army of idle men is the most serious question confronting the officials. The organization has no money in its treasury. The miners have been unable to save anything, and only those who have little garden patches will be able to live independently during the cessation of work. The exodus from the fourth pool to West Virginia has begun. The West Virginia operators are hiring miners as fast as they apply for work. Those who wish immunity from trouble seek safety by flight into West Virginia, where the miners will work unmolested.

Safety by flight into West Virginia, where the miners will work unmolested.

Scores of small mines in Mercer, Lawrence, Cambria and other counties which have been practically idle will resume operations in full to supply coal to factories and shops in their districts. Taking the Cannelton coal field in Beaver County into consideration, the Thompson's Run in Lawrence County and the numerous mines in Mercer County, there will be no shutdown of industries in these counties. During the strike of 1894 all these mines closed down.

THINKS 200,000 WILL GO OUT. PRESIDENT RATCHFORD SAYS THE STRIKE ORDER HAS BEEN GENERALLY

Columbus, Ohio, July 4.—Telegrams received by President Ratchford of the United Mine Workers to-day indicate that the order for a strike of the miners has been complied with generally throughout the mining districts of Ohlo, Indiana, Illinois and Western Pennsylvania, and in sections of West Virginia and Kentucky. It will take several days, however, to determine with any degree of accuracy the number of men involved. President Ratchford roughly estimates the number at 200,000, but this is regarded as liberal. He is pleased with the unanimity shown by the miners, and says that he has the greatest confidence in the successful outcome of the strike. He thinks the prospects are better than in 1894, when a general strike was inaugurated. At that time the scale of prices was being paid in many mining localities, notably West Virginia, where a majority of the miners continued at work, and thereby greatly weakened the strike. He has hopes that the West Virginia miners may now be brought into line, inasmuch as they are re ceiving wages far below the scale, and their condition is not any better than that of the miners in other States. The coal production of West Virginia has increased so rapidly in the last few years that the output of that State now

exceeds the output of Ohio. During the strike of 1894 trouble was caused by the shipment of West Virginia coal through Ohio, the Ohio miners endeavoring to stop this traffic. The railroad companies promptly appealed to the State for protection, and almost the entire Ohio National Guard was placed in the field. President Ratchford does not believe there will be any repetition of these troubles in the present strike. Special efforts are to be made to enlist the sympathy of the West Virginia miners. President Ratchford is encouraged to believe that this may be accomplished by the fact that the miners have signified their intention to strike in many places where efforts to enlist their co-operation have failed on previous oc-

President Ratchford has received telegrams from a number of Pittsburg operators, asking permission to operate their mines at scale prices. These requests are all emphatically refused, as It would work an injustice not only to other operators, but their miners as well.

As to the probable duration of the strike, President Ratchford says that will be governed entirely by circumstances. It will last several weeks at least. The miners are in a better position to withstand a long strike at this time, as a great many of them have garden produce on

a great many of them have garden produce on which to subsist, and there will be no great hardships entailed such as would follow a strike at the winter. The fact that there is a fair supply of coal in stock and the demand for lonestic consumption is small will have a tendency to prolong the suspension.

The contracts for coal for lake shipment will cause the greatest trouble. The bulk of these contracts are held by Pittsburg operators, but the Ohlo operators also have a fair share. The Ohlo operators have not yet held a conference to consider the matter, but are considerably worried. While they say that the strike is ill-timed and likely to die out, they will close down their mines for a short time, at least until they can determine how general the suspension is. A partial suspension only in the Pittsburg district would be ruinous to their business should the Ohlo miners refuse to work.

NO STRIKE PROBABLE IN KANSAS Weir City, Kan., July 4.-No strike has been ordered among the miners of this district. Should the men be ordered out many would refuse to strike, it is said, although most of them are union men. They have no serious grievance except jearcity of work. In 1893 they were out on a long

THE BIG STRIKE ON TO-DAY. and disastrous strike, and since then they have remained at work, regardless of Eastern disturb-

TINPLATE WORKERS GET AN ADVANCE. HAPPY RESULT OF THE CONFERENCE AT

Pittsburg, July 4.-Skilled tinplate workers identified with the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers scored a decisive victory yesterday. They secured an advance in wages and a protective clause that tinned plate mills will not manufacture sheet iron. The workers are jubilant and look upon the future with bone, as it is asserted that the signing of the remaining scales of the association is but a question of time. The conference between the Scale Committee and a committee of manufacturers adjourned after having been in session two days. The workers wanted an advance of 15 per cent, which the manufacturers were not inclined to give. A readjustment was made which would give the workers an average advance of about \$3\cdot per cent. After considerable discussion the workers agreed to the proposition, provided the manufacturers signing the scale would agree to give them a protective clause guaranteeing that the tinned plate mills would not manufacture sheet from in the event of the market for tin becoming depressed. The proposition was agreed to, and both sides adjourned apparently well satisfied. The settlement means much to the workers. It is estimated that more than 5,000 skilled workers are affected and many of the plants will resume work Tuesday morning. A steady run for some time is promised. serted that the signing of the remaining scales of

WESTERN MINERS GO OUT.

MEN IN THE ILLINOIS COAL FIELD OBEYING THE MANDATE OF THEIR LEADERS.

Spring Valley, Ill., July 4.-The two thousand miners of Spring Valley fixed up their places in mines and went out on strike yesterday. will not be known until Monday morning whether company men and cagers will go out or not On account of this suspension the company has not been able to stock up its customers to any great extent, which is decidedly in favor of the miners. The miners of this city are not in good circumstances, and many of them will suffer the suspension is protracted.

Telephone messages from Seatonville, Ladd, Marquette and other mining camps in this vicinity re quette and other mining camps in this vicinity report that the miners at those places will join the National movement. Monday morning there will be 2,000 idle men within six miles of Spring Valley, exclusive of Lasalle and Peru. The men say they are determined to remain out until the price of mining is rais d. The miners have the sympathy of the business men, many of whom are in bad circumstances, brought on by the continued reductions that have been forced upon the miners during the last four years.

KENTUCKY MINERS SATISFIED.

Louisville, Ky., July 4 .- A dispatch to "The Times" from Middlesborough, Ky., says: "There will be no strike of coal miners in the Middlesborough district. The miners get good wages and are satisfied, and no walking delegate, it is said, could force them out. They will disregard the order to

NOT EXPECTED TO LAST LONG.

The big strike of the coal miners, which is schedbegin to-day, has been widely commented on in this city and the consensus of opinion appears to be that it will be over before the possibility of a coas famine could arise. The local coal dealers base their opinion on the alleged fact that there is coal enough in stock here to last fully six months. The leaders of organized labor form their opinion from a belief that if the number of miners strike as reported the coal companies will be forced to yield in a short time. An official of the Berwind-White Coal Company is quoted as saying that no trouble is anticipated either in the company smines or in the Clearfield region.

A man in position to know told a Tribune reporter last night that the Manhattan Elevated Railroad Company did not have more than one month's supply of coal on hand.

The labor men in the city are of the opinion that the miners have just cause for complaint. They think that their wages are too low for the work. Local labor leaders also object to the "pluck-me" store system which it is said is largely carried on in the coal regions. These are stores run in the interests of the coal operators and which the miners are compelled to patronize or suffer the consequences. there is coal enough in stock here to last fully six

MOTHER AND DAUGHTER DROWNED.

ALSO A SERGEANT AT WEST POINT WHO SWAM TO THE RESCUE.

Highland Falls, N. Y., July 4.—A party of West Pointers, consisting of Charles Mickel, his wife and daughter, Mrs. Holtz and Adam Meisell, were rowing in Long Pond this afternoon when the boat capsized and Mrs. Mickel and the child were capsized and Mrs. Mickel and the child were drowned. First Sergeant Anthony Brechbell, of Company E, Battalion of Engineers, swam out to the rescue, and he too was drowned. Long Fond is situated two miles west of West Point. It is a large sheet of water and very deep. Mrs. Mickel leaves three small children, besides her husband. Sergeant Brechbell leaves a widow and a daughter. He was one of the brightest non-commissioned officers at the post, and was in a fair way of receiving a commission. His body was recovered two hours later by Edward McGinn, a telegraph operator. G. W. Flood, a druggist, of Highland Falls, dived and recovered the other two bodies.

HEAT VICTIMS IN WESTERN CITIES.

DEATHS REPORTED YESTERDAY IN CINCINNATI

Cincinnati, July 4.—This has been the hottest day Cincinnati, July 4.—This has been the nottest day in the present torrid spell. The Weather Bureau showed the mercury at 97 from 2 to 4 p. m., and at its maximum, 98, at 5 p. m. The sky was cloudless all day, and few people ventured on the streets. Fifty prostrations and six deaths are reported at 9 o'clock to-night. Local thermometers showed from 102 to 106 in the shade in the aftermoved the streets of the process of the shade in the aftermoved the shade in the shade in the aftermoved the shade in the noon. The mercury at 9 o'clock registered 90 de-

Cleveland, July 4.- The heat here to-day has been most intense, the temperature reaching the highest point for the season, 97 degrees. Two fatalities occurred to-day and one last night, and there have been several prostrations. Miss Sarah Clinton, fifty years old, found on the street, died in a police station; Mrs. Lena Sedusky, sixty-six, died in her room at the house where she was employed; Mrs. Agnes Lee of No. 1667 Woodland-ave. Mrs. Agnes Lee, of No. 1.097 Woodland-ave from nervous prostration brought on by heat.

Louisville, July 4.-The greatest heat to-day was 99 degrees, at 1:30 o'clock. The record was 93 at 7 o'clock to-night. The Weather Bureau promises some relief to-morrow, through the medium of thunder showers. John Soete, a prominent Ger-man, died suddenly from the heat, and there were three or four minor prostrations.

A SMALL DELUGE AT DULUTH.

Duluth, Minn., July 4.-A rainfall that almost amounted to a cloudburst Friday night caused damage in this city and vicinity of about \$200,600. Two miles of the pavement were washed out, and there is not a block of the paved street that has not suffered. Twenty city bridges were washed

At Fond Du Lac, a suburb of this city, the Jam-At Fonc Du Lac.

age is \$20,000.

Grades on the St. Paul and Duluth road, thirty
feet in height, were washed out and the track left
suspended in the air. All the Iron Range roads
suffered heavily and traffic was suspended. There
are several reports of loss of life in outlying districts, but none of them can be confirmed.

HEAT STARTS A \$100,000 BLAZE.

Cincinnatt, July 4 .- A dispatch to "The Commer cial-Tribune" from Akron, Ohio, says: ing department of the Akron Iron and Steel Company's works was completely destroyed by fire to-day. The loss is \$100,050, fully covered by insurance. The building was 200 feet long and two stories high. It was equipped with much valuable machinery, which, together with a large amount of finished steel and iron, was destroyed. The fire was caused by the intense heat.

LOOKING FOR SIGNAL STATIONS.

The First Naval Battalion detail which is to man out Staten Island and select stations for signal purposes spent yesterday tramping about Staten Island's hills, taking observations which will be of use later in the work. One of the points visited was Moravian Hill, back of the Vanderbilt tomb, was Moravian Hill, back of the Vanderbilt tomb, and they took observations from there. From there they went to Tedt Hill. This is the highest point in the Greater New-York. From it one can command a view of Sandy Hook, the entire lower hay, the Highlands. Coney Island, Rockaway, Far Rockaway and Long Beach, On clear days Fire Island has been made out with powerful glasses. From this point can also be seen the Orange Mountains, Newark. Elizabeth and the country lying between. The squad also visited Grimes Hill, from which the entire upper bay can be seen, including the entrances of the North and East rivers, and the Narrows. The work will be continued to-day.

EX-COLLECTOR WELLBURN ARRESTED.

MORE RIOTING IN INDIA.

TROOPS FIRE ON A MOB AT SIMLA.

THE RIOTERS REPULSED WITH HEAVY LOSS AND THEIR RINGLEADER WOUNDED

AND CAPTURED.

London, July 5 .- A dispatch to "The Times" from Simla says that a mob there tried to seize a mosque, but the police and troops opened fire and a serious conflict ensued. Finally the mob was repulsed with heavy loss, and took to flight, The principal ringleader was wounded and captured. He will be tried along with his chief followers.

Calcutta, July 4.-It appears that the report that the mosque land had been surrendered by the authorities was merely a trick of the ringleaders of the riot to justify the mob in dispersing when the police opened fire. The police are now in possession of the land, and refuse to allow any one to have access to it.

MANY DROWNED IN THE FLOODS.

RECOVERING BODIES ALONG THE SWOLLEN RIVERS OF FRANCE.

Paris, July 4.-Fourteen bodies have been reovered from the floods caused by the rising of the River Garonne, most of them being found near Auch, capital of the Department of Gers, on the river Cers, west of Toulouse. It is feared that others have been drowned, as many houses have been swept away. The floods are now subsiding in the province of Gers.

Toulouse, July 4.-The river Save has overflowed at Isle-en-Dodon, destroying forty houses and drowning thirteen people. At Saint Laurent three people have been drowned, and thirty houses have been swept away.

RESENT SIR WILFRID'S LOYALTY.

CRITICISM OF THE FRENCH PRESS ON THE PRE-MIER'S SPEECHES.

Paris, July 4.-The Chauvinist papers make spiteful remarks at the expense of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's patriotic speeches in London. They say that as he is the son of a French woman he ought to declare in favor of a French party and a Separatist press in Canada, while they think Louis Riel worthy of

ATTACKED BY ARMED TRIBESMEN.

A FRESH OUTBREAK NEAR THE TOCHI VALLEY, INDIA.

Bombay, July 4.-A telegram from Miranshah says that a body of coolies carrying stores was attacked near Boya by a band of armed tribesmen, supposed

HEAVY FIGHTING IN BRAZIL.

GOVERNMENT TROOPS REPULSED BY THE FA-NATICS, WITH SERIOUS LOSS.

London, July 5 .- The correspondent of "The Times" at Rio Janeiro says: "It is reported here that the Government troops are attacking Antonio Conselheiro, the leader of the fanatics, at Canudos, Bahia, but have been thrice repulsed, losing over a thousand men. Con-selheiro's losses are still greater. Fighting has been continuous since June 27."

DESTRUCTIVE STORM IN GERMANY.

DAMAGE DONE ESTIMATED AT MILLIONS OF MARKS.

London, July 5 .- A dispatch to "The Standard" from Berlin says that a terrific storm raged from Wednesday night until Friday throughout South Germany. Hailstones as large as hens' eggs fell, and everything was beaten to the ground. vines, trees and whole orchards were destroyed; thousands of hares and partridges, with other game, were killed, and great damage was done to property and to roofs. The losses are estimated at many millions of marks.

SOUDAN TRIBES IN REVOLT.

THE ENGLISH ADVANCE NOT THE ONLY TROUBLE ON THE KHALIFA'S HANDS.

Daily News" says it is reported there that the tribes south of Khartoum are in open revolt against the Khalifa, who has been obliged to detach troops from Omdurman, on the Nile, opposite Khartoum, to quell the rebellion. The correspondent adds that if this proves true it will greatly facilitate the advance of the Anglo-Egyptian column in the autumn.

LOST AT THE MOUTH OF THE GANGES.

A BRITISH BARK CUT DOWN BY A STEAMER AND

Calcutta, July 4.-The British bark Overdale, Captain Roberts, bound for South America, came into collision with the steamer Pandua off Hooghly Point, near the mouth of the westernmost branch of the Ganges, and sank almost immediately. All on board were drowned except the captain, the pilot

THE POWERS PROD THE PORTE.

IRRITATED BY THE QUIEBLING AND DELAYS OF THE TURKISH FOREIGN MINISTER.

Constantinople, July 4.—Irritated by the tedious delays, quibbling and equivocation of Tewfik Pacha, the representative of the Sultan in the peace negotiations between Greece and Turkey, the Ambassathe Porte protesting against the delay and insist- ately into the canal, where he swam about until dors of the Powers have sent a collective note to ing upon a decision of some kind promptly.

GREECE HAS THE INDEMNITY READY. from Athens says that the Government has al-ready negotiated a loan, and that the moment the peace conditions are signed the indemnity will be paid cash down.

THE CZAR'S LETTER TO M. FAURE. Paris, July 4. In the letter of the Emperor Nicholas inviting M. Faure to visit him at St. Petersburg he refers significantly to "the bonds that are henceforth to unite France and Russia."

THE PHILIPPINES PACIFIED. Madrid, July 4.-Special dispatches to the Govern

ment announce the complete pacification of the Philippine Islands, and on the strength of these Marshal Primo Rivera, the Captain-General at Manila, has been authorized to revoke the order confiscating the property of rebels.

AMERICAN BISHOPS IN LONDON PULPITS. London, July 4.-Several American bishops preached in London to-day, Bishop Potter, of Ne York, at Westminster Abbey, the Bishops of Albany and Iowa at St. Paul's Cathedral, and others elsewhere. All dwelt upon the need of a real growth in religion and fraternal feeling on both sides of the Atlantic.

The Bishop of Springfield preached at Westminster Abbey this afternoon.

Many Americans and Canadians, among them Sir William V. Whiteway, attended the services at St. Paul's

The pulpits of St. Paul's Cathedral and Westminster Abbey will be accounted and Westminster Abbey will be accounted.

St. Paul's

The pulpits of St. Paul's Cathedral and Westminster Abbey will be occupied during the remaining Sundays of July by American elergymen.

CANADA'S NEW OCEAN SERVICE. London, July 4.—The shareholders of the Turret Steamship Company, of which Petersen, Tate &

Steamship Company, of which Petersen, Tate & Co. are managers, held a meeting yesterday at Newcastle and adopted a proposal to absorb the company in a new corporation established to work the Canadian fast service under the Imperial Governmen subsidy.

Sir Viirrid Laurier, in an interview published yesterday by a Liverpool newspaper, said he could not assert that the new line would be extremely popular in Canada; but the scheme had been undertaken because it was believed to be the best means of developing the country. Canadians thought it would attract passengers to all parts of North America because the route would be shorter and more pleasant. popular in Canada; but the scheme had been undertaken because it was believed to be the best means of developing the country. Canadians thought it would attract passengers to all parts of North America because the route would be shorter and more pleasant.

Sir Wilfrid admitted that, although Peterson, Tate & Co. had entered a binding contract, under a penalty, the success of the undertaking would depend upon the flotation of the new company and pend upon the flotation of the new company and that there would be but little remedy if this failed.

POLITICS BY THE SEA.

MR. PLATT AND OTHERS AT THE ORIENTAL.

THE CHIEF JUDGESHIP OF THE COURT OF AP-PEALS-THE SENATOR WON'T DISCUSS THE LOCAL SITUATION.

The knowledge that Senator Platt would spend Sunday at the Oriental took a number of politicians to Manhattan Beach yesterday. President Quigg of the Republican County Committee went down on Saturday afternoon. Ex-Collector Francis Hendricks, of Syracuse; Frederick S. Gibbs, Postmaster Van Cott, Congressman Israel Fisher, of Brooklyn: John Sabine

Smith, and some of the lesser lights were there

Senator Platt and Congressman Quigg had a long interview yesterday, and the situation was talked over in all its phases. Mr. Platt approved all Mr. Quigg's plans and arrangements connected with the enrolment and the campaign. It was quietly intimated that the Senator would not object to certain changes of Assembly District leaders that might result from the elimination of "dead wood" from the election distion rolls. A number of obnoxious and superserviceable people might be disposed of in the coming primaries, and the changes would be grateful both to Mr. Platt and Mr. Quigg.

The Senator said that the Tariff bill was making satisfactory progress, and, unless he received a message from Senator Allison desiring his presence in Washington sooner, he might stay here for two or three days. Mr. Platt is paired with his colleague, Senator Murphy, and he thinks that he can safely enjoy the sea air at least until the middle of the week.

Mr. Platt was asked about the report that Judge William E. Werner, of Rochester, who is at present assigned to duty in the Supreme Court of this city, was slated for the nomination for Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals. The Senator replied that the question of superior geographical location which Judge Werner's friends claim for him would not necessarily cut any figure in the case. There were other candidates whose location made them as eligible for nomination as Judge Werner's. Among those mentioned were Judge Pardon C. Williams, of Watertown, now sitting in the Appellate Division of New-York, and Judge Cox, of Utica. Ex-Collector Hendricks, who had a long talk with Mr. Platt, yesterday suggested that Judge W. J. Wallace, of the United States Circuit Court, ought to be added to the list.

There was no disposition on Mr. Platt's part to say much about the local situation. "Has any candidate been selected yet for Mayor of the Greater New-York?" the Senator

was asked. "Oh, no," was the reply. "It is too soon to

consider that matter yet. In a couple of menths, perhaps, people will begin to discuss their preferences. Warm weather candidates are seldom received with favor. I do not believe that candidates in 1807 will prove an exception Platt did not care to discuss Jacob Worth's recent interview in which Mr. Worth criticised the Republican organization of New-

Worth's recent interview in which Mr. worth criticised the Republican organization of New-York for its attitude toward the Citizens Union. The report that Mr. Worth had decided to assert his independence of the New-York machine did not appear to interest Mr. Platt in any way. He said that midsummer vagaries, political or otherwise, were rarely worthy of attention.

Reports which come from Washington say that "a quiet syndicate" exists there which presesses potential influence in many directions. Senator Platt is understood to be a member of it, and also Secretary Bliss, of the Interior Department. Others who meet with it, whether it convenes at the White House or at the home of Vice-President Hobart, are said to be Senator Hanna, and, of course, Messrs. McKinley and Hobart. Besides the name of "syndicate" some people in Washington call it the "Big Five." Mr. Platt, when some one spoke about the story yesterday, said that he was afraid that there were people in Washington who had been troubled with had dreams.

Washington who had been troubled with bad dreams.

were people in Washington who had been troubled with bad dreams.

Congressman Quigg, when asked yesterday about the results of the Republican enrolment on Tuesday night last, said that the tabulators were still at work on the returns, and accurate results could not yet be given out. Up to date its time to the description of the descri respect satisfactory to Republicans."

A BULL CLEARS OUT AN IRON WORKS.

TOSSES AN OLD MAN AND CHARGES A TRENTON CROWD WHILE BADLY WOUNDED

Trenton, N. J., July 4 (Special).- A mad bull created consternation in Jefferson, Escher and Hamilton sts, and finally took possession of one of the shops of the Trenton Iron Works yesterday. Richard Foster, an old man, was tossed ten feet in the air and was picked up senseless. Miss Lottic Burchell, of No. 147 Conover-st., who witnessed the infuriated animal's attack upon Mr. Foster, fainted away, be-Heving it was her father who was caught by the bull's horns. The animal made several attacks upon different persons, cleared out the Trenton Iron Works and, bellowing loudly, plunged deliber-

ately into the canal, where he swam about until refreshed, only to go a hore and renew his attacks. A butcher named Schlicher at last succeeded in lassoing the mad heast while in the water, and a policeman fired two shots into the animal's head. The bullets failed to take effect, and the butcher cut the heast's throat. With the bullets in his head and his throat cut, however, the animal broke away, and, after swimming about the Trenton Iron Company's basin, leaving a trail of blood, climbed ashore and despite his ghastly wounds, charged the crowd. A couple more shots finally proved fatal, and the beast was butchered.

The animal was one of a drove on its way to the slaughter-house, and became angry at being prodded by the drivers.

DROWNED BEFORE HIS COMPANIONS' EYES

a lineman in the employ of the American Telephone Company, was drowned in Matawan Creek here last evening, before the eyes of two of his companions. Bingston, with a dozen other linemen, had for the last month been boarding at the Old Homestead Hotel, in lower Main-st. Last evening

botel.

Bingston was the first in the water. He could not swim, but thought the water not over his depth. He soon found himself sinking, and cried to his companions for help. One of the men plunged in to save Bingston, but the latter grasped his would-be rescuer by the wrist and pulled him under. The man gave up the rescue, barely mannaing to free himself. Bingston then sank for the last time in sight of his two companions. The tide was running in at the time, and the body floated heneath the surface of the water and up the creek.

creek.

A net was stretched across to catch the body when the tide turned, and at 10 o'clock last night, while a large crowd was watching the het, the body was recovered and pulled ashore. Bingston was a Swede and about thirty years old. His

A NEGRO SAVED FROM LYNCHERS.

Villaridge, Mo., July 4.—Erastus Brown, a young negro, it was announced, was lynched by a mob of two persons yesterday for an assault upon Miss Annie Foerving, a farmer's daughter, committed on Fri-

BEHRING SEA CORRESPONDENCE.

AN INTIMATION THAT GREAT BRITAIN HAS NOT ACTED IN GOOD FAITH.

London, July 5 .- The Washington correspondent of "The Daily Chronicle" asserts that official correspondence is about to be submitted to Congress which includes a dispatch sent by Secretary Sherman to Ambassador Hay, dated May 10, for submission to Lord Salisbury, insinuating that England has been guilty of bad faith in carrying out the terms of the Paris Seal Award. The correspondent says:

"There is no doubt that the publication of this dispatch will cause resentment in England. It was really the work of Mr. Foster and Mr. Hamlin jointly. I learn that the Administration is very proud of the dispatch, and believe it will be received in the United States with the same popular approval as greeted Mr. Olney's Venez-uela dispatch. Lord Salisbury has not yet re-

"A later dispatch of the same series complains that, while America maintained a fleet of five vessels to prevent illegal sealing in Behring Sea, England had only two, one of these being a mere yacht."

A BIG FIRE IN MORRISANIA.

A NEWLY STOCKED DRYGOODS STORE RUINED AND ADJOINING BUILDINGS DAMAGED-THE LOSS ABOUT \$100,000.

The worst fire that Morrisania has known for years broke out at noon yesterday in the building millinery, at Nos. 2,733 and 2,735 Third-ave. The structure was destroyed, and several houses adjoining were seriously damaged. The damage will approximate \$100,000. The building was a two-story brick structure, with an iron front, facing in Thirdave. It was 85x140 feet. Up to the holldays the building had been occupied by Zadig & Co. drygoods emporium. About that time Zadig & Co. made an assignment to Henry Rosenthal, who, with Isaac Weil, was to have opened the place on Tuesday, and it was to be known as "The Louvre It was for this opening that Rosenthal & Well been for several weeks stocking the building with drygoods, millinery, housefurnishing goods,

It was at just 11:40 o'clock yesterday morning that Patrolmen Hussey and Lynch saw smoke issuing from the second-story window on the south side of the building. They immediately sent in an alarm. The fire spread with great rapidity, and in a short time the entire building was in flames. A second and a third alarm were sent in, and it took two hours of hard fighting on the part of the firemen to get the blaze under control.

When the first engine arrived at the fire Dr. J. Edwin Taimage was holding services in the Reformed Church of Mott Haven, at Third-ave. and One-hundred-and-forty-sixth-st. He heard the clanging of the engine bells, and quietly sent the ushers out to investigate. The doctor was told of the nearness of the burning building, and he gave out a hymn and dismissed the congregation, which immediately formed a bucket brigade and did good work in saving the parsonage, which is immediately in the rear of the building.

While thus engaged C. H. Hawthorne had his

hands badly burned. The frame house of George S. Henshaw, at No. 581 East One-hundred-andforty-fifth-st., which adjoined the burned building and which the owner had just renovated, was damaged to the amount of \$10,000. Henshaw's family had just returned from the country. The fire spread to No. 2.737, occupied by Isaac

The fire spread to No. 2.737, occupied by Isaac Sinder, drygoods and millinery, and caused him about \$30.000 loss. Henry Rosenthal's loss was \$20.000 and Mr. Weil's \$40.000. The building was damaged to the extent of \$10,000.

Jacob Hock, of Truck No. 14, was so overcome by the heat that he was obliged to go to his home. While neither the police nor the fire marshal will make any direct accusation, it is said they believe the fire was of a suspicious origin.

Mr. Rosenthal and Leo Kauffmann were in the building early in the morning, according to Rosenthal's statement, and went away at 10 a. Mr. They had been there for the purpose of making out a list of employes and arranging business details in connection with the opening on Tuesday. Chief Cashman, who directed the twenty-one engines and six trucks that responded to the three alarms, with the fire marshal, is investigating the cause of the fire. fire.

While the flames were destroying thousands of
While the flames were destroying thousands of

d were crowded with church-goers and bi-TWO BODIES IN A FERRY SLIP.

ONE A MAN'S, THE OTHER A WOMAN'S, AND THEY WERE WASHED UP ALMOST TOGETHER.

early yesterday morning, and were recovered and sent to the Morgue. The first was that of a man, apparently from the clothing a longshoreman. Captain Van Wart of the ferryboat Fanwood informed Policeman Wynne, of the Church-st. station, that the had seen a body in the slip, and in a little the body was washed against the pier, and was dragged out. It was that of a man about 5 feet 10 inches in height, 165 pounds in weight, and had undoubtedly, been in the water a long time. The clothing included a brown overcoat, a black sack

clothing included a brown overcoat, a black sack coat, a blue flannel shirt, blue-striped trousers, blue sweater, heavy underiothing and laced shoes. Soon after the discovery of the man's body that of a woman was seen.

It was taken to the Morgue, and there identified by Mrs. Julia Fitzsimmons, of No. 202 East Thirty-third-st, and her brother, John Murphy, as that of their sister, Nora Murphy, The girl left home last Sunday to go on the County Cork Men's excursion to Sylvan Beach, and while on the way home she and her escort, Bartholomew Clancy, fell overhoard in some mysterious manner and were drowted. The dead girl had lived with her mother at No. 333 East Thirty-eighth-st.

CLAIMANT ACCUSED OF PERJURY.

THE ALLEGED WIDOW OF W. L. BLANCHARD CHARGED WITH FALSE SWEARING.

Fannie Belkeiser, who has cause hersel Fannie Davis, Fannie Howard, and finally claimed the estate of Colonel W. L. Blanchard as his wife, although she is a negress and he was a wealthy white mad, was arraigned in the Centre Street Police Court before Magistrate Deuel yesterday morning on the charge of having committed perjury on several obcasions in connection with her fight for the dead man's money. Smythe, a Boston lawyer, was the complainant. The complaint alleges that on May 12 last, before ex-Surrogate Rastus S. Ransom, of No. 100 Broadway, acting as referee by authority of the Surrogate's Court to take testimony on the applica-tion of William M. Hoes, as public administrator, to revoke letters of administration issued to Fannie F. Bianchard of the goods, chattels and credits of William L. Blanchard, deceased, the woman committed perjury in swearing that she was the wife of William Blanchard, or Leggett,

"Mrs. Blanchard" swore before the referce that she had been married to Blanchard on April 26, 1896, at Monmouth Beach, N. J., by Father Geohlan, of a church there. She said that she had lost the certificate. Father Murphy, the successor of the certification in the church, swore on the stand Father Geohlan in the church, swore on the stand before the referee that Father Geohlan died in his arms on the January 15 preceding the April 26 on which the woman said she was married by

The complaint also alleges that she committed perjury in appearing before M. E. Duffy, Commissioner of Deeds, of this city, on December 8, 1896, and swearing that she was the wedded wife of Blanchard.

Duffy was the woman's counsel before the referee, who decided that she was not the wife, and he appeared for her in the Magistrate's Court yesterday. He asked for an immediate examination of the case against her, but Magistrate Deuel held her in \$5,600 for an examination next Tuesday.

day.

Detectives Cuff, McNaught and Farley arrested the woman at No. 488 West Forty-first-st., according to the papers in the case, on Saturday. They brought her to court yesterday. She was arrested on a warrant issued on Friday.

BOAT SUNK BY A FALLING ANCHOR. West Sullivan, Me., July 4.-Maud Moon, thirteen west Sullivan, are, July L. and a more three years old, was drowned in the river here to-day, while her brother and sister were saved. The three children were out rowing when the rudder broke and the boat drifted against a scaconer. The boy took hold of the anchor of the schooner opush off the boat, but the ancher slipped and sank the boat.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

TARIFF BILL'S PROSPECTS. DATE OF ITS PASSAGE BY THE SENATE

UNCERTAIN.

THE FINAL VOTE ALMOST SURE TO BE TAKEN THIS WEEK, HOWEVER-LITTLE DELAY

EXPECTED IN THE HOUSE-THE SUGAR BOUNTY AMENDMENT.

Washington, July 4.—The outlook for the week in the Senate is uncertain. There is every probability that the Tariff bill will be passed, but whether early or late in the week cannot be foretold. The provisions for a tax on stocks and bonds, for a beet-sugar bounty and for the regulation of trusts threaten to lead to considerable debate, and there is a prospect of speeches by Senators Bate, Mills, Chilton, Allen and others. Senator Allison has given notice of an effort to secure night sessions Monday or Tuesday. The present indications are that there will be a determined effort to force the Committee on Finance to restore the sugar bounty provision, and on the success or failure of this effort will probably depend the length of time

yet to be consumed in the Senate. When the bill comes over to the House the programme is to send it immediately to conferen e. The minority will make no opposition to this if the Republicans will grant a reasonable time for debate when the bill is reported back by the conferrees. To this the Republican leaders express their assent, though no explanation has yet been made of what a "reasonable" time is. Mr. Bailey thinks three or four days will be sufficient.

In view of the fact-that the bill may return to the House at any day, the order for sessions only on Mondays and Thursdays will probably oe revoked to-morrow, or a recess will be taken from day to day until the bill passes the Senate.

The Republican members of the Senate Committee on Finance held a session to-day and decided to offer no more amendments to the Tariff bill, and also not to reintroduce the beetsugar bounty amendment. It is understood,
however, that the committee will make no
united or determined effort to prevent the acceptance of the amendment as offered by Mr.
Allen, but that Republican Senators will be left
to support it or not as they may see fit. The
indications now are that a majority of them will
support the amendment, notwithstanding the
committee's action in withdrawing it. It appears that the bounty provision was authorized
by one of the Republican caucuses, and that
many Republican Senators feel bound on this
account to stand by the provision, even though
it be offered by the opposition. The Democrats,
however, will oppose the amendment determinedly. The situation is full of many possibilities, and the end cannot be predicted until
this question is settled. Tariff bill, and also not to reintroduce the beet-

DEAD IN HER LONELY HOME.

MURDER AND ROBBERY BELIEVED TO HAVE

BEEN DONE IN GREENVILLE, N. H. Greenville, N. H., July 4.-M's, Hattle F. Wood ward, a widow, about fifty years old, was found dead on Saturday morning in the kitchen of her ne, a house in a sparsely settled part of the town The body was lying on the floor with a builet wound in the throat, while by its side was a revolver, two chambers of which were empty. first impression was that it was a case of suicide, but later investigations have greatly strengthened the theory that the woman was murdered. A care ful examination of the premises disclosed blood ful examination of the premises disclosed blood spots on the sewing-machine, a window curtain and a doorlatch. It was also found that a valuable diamond ring which she had worn and her gold watch were missing, while her pocketbook had been robbed of its contents. On the woman's throat were marks apparently made by an assailant's thumb.

Suspicion is directed against a farmhand who had worked on an adjacent farm, and who went away on Friday morning, presumably to Newport, R. I. It is evident that Mrs. Woodward died on Thursday.

FIREWORKS AND GASOLENE.

AN EXPLOSION WITH PROBABLY FATAL RESULTS

Chicago, July 4.-Fireworks and gasolene were combined in an explosion which blew out the front of the building at No. 5.813 Jefferson-ave. at 8.20 o'clock to-night. The following persons were inhands; may die.

Alice Anschute, seriously cut about the face by flying glass.

I. W. Coombs, cut and

flying glass.

T. W. Coombs, cut and overcome by smoke.

Harry Hardman, fireman, overcome by smoke;
may die.

The mass of blazing oil and explosives shot out
into the street, narrowly missing a passing cablecar. Immediately the three-story building burst
into flames and it was with difficulty that the unconscious Coombs was rescued from the second
floor. The tire was of short duration and the loss
not heavy.

IRISH FLAGS HAULED DOWN.

A DISPLAY OF THE GREEN THAT ANGERED A

CROWD IN LEADVILLE. ment here this evening over the pulling down of a number of Irish flags that were displayed on several buildings. A large number of men visited these buildings and ordered the proprietors to take down the green emblems. One man refused, and the flag was promptly hauled down by the crowd.

HARDIN PARRISH A SUICIDE.

HE SHOT HIMSELF ON SATURDAY NIGHT IN A SANITARIUM IN SARATOGA.

Saratoga, July 4 (Special) -Hurdin Parrish, sixty-five years old, who arrived in town from New-York City last Thursday, was found dead in his bedroom in a sanitarium here this morning. He had comin a sanitarium nere this morning. He had com-mitted suicide with a revolver, which he had held to his forehead and fired. He had evidently been dead several hours when discovered this morning by his male attendant, who occupied another room. by his male attendant, who occupied another room.

Mr. Parrish suffered greatly from insomnia, and only vesterday remarked that he feared his affliction would dethrone his reason.

His son, Hamilton Parrish, whose address is the Hotel Margaret, Brooklyn, accompanied his father here, but at once returned to that city. He has been informed of the suicide by Coroner Varney and will reach here to-night.

Mr. Parrish for many years lived in Indianapolis, and he is said to have been one of the wealthiest men of that city. He had been living recently at the Windser Hotel, New-York.

On inquiry at the Windsor Hotel last evening it was learned that Mr. Parrish had made the hote his home in the winter for several years. He al-ways alluded to Philadelphia as his native place, and left New-York for that city in the spring. He returned in May and departed again on May 23. While on his last visit he asked the night clerk if

While on his last visit he asked the night clerk if the latter could recommend a quiet place where he could spend the summer, as he had been suffering from insomnia.

Hamilton Parrish, a son of Hardin Parrish, lives at the Hotel Margaret, on Columbia Heights, lives at the Hotel Margaret, on Columbia Heights, lives at the Hotel Margaret, on Columbia Heights, lives at the Hotel Margaret, death, and started gram telling him of his father's death, and started immediately for Saratoga with his wife. On Saturday he called on Dr. J. A. McCorkle, of No. 143 Clinton-st., to consult with the destor about his father's health. Earlier in the week he had taken his father to a sanitarium in Saratoga for treatment for insomnia. Dr. McCorkle, when told of the suicide last night by a Tribune reporter, expressed much surprise, saying that Mr. Parrish's condition was by no means so serious that he could have been suspected of a dezire to end his life on that account.

FUGITIVE KILLED BY A POLICEMAN. Norristown, Penn., July 4.-Patrick Gallagher Norristown, Penn., July 4.—Patrick Gallagher was fighting in the streets of Conshohocken last night, and when a policeman attempted to arrest him he fied. The policeman fired three shots at him, one of which took effect. Gallagher was taken to the Charity Hospital, where he died today. The policeman, John Greer, was committed to prison. day. The to prison.

KILLED WHILE RESISTING ARREST. Williamson, W. Va., July 4.—John Eastep, who murdered Dr. O. R. Brewster last Sunday at Traca, was shot and killed yesterday by Detective W. P. Bevins in the mountains south of here while resisting arrest.